

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH FLORIDA
GERIATRIC WORKFORCE
ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM
(GWEP)
FACULTY
DEVELOPMENT
MASTERWORKS
SERIES

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This project is supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) of the U.S. Department of Health & Human Services (HHS), under grant #U1QHP28739, **USF Geriatric Workforce Enhancement Program** for \$2.24 M. This information or content and conclusions are those of the presenter and should not be construed as the official position or policy of, nor should any endorsements be inferred by, HRSA, HHS or the U.S. Government.



House Calls: Their Value to Patients, Providers, Health Systems and Society

Thomas Cornwell, MD Home Centered Care Institute

May 5, 2017

The Mission of House Calls

- Improve the quality of life of homebound patients
- Improve the quality of life of caregivers
- Decrease health care costs by enabling patients to remain at home, avoiding expensive ED visits, hospitals and nursing homes

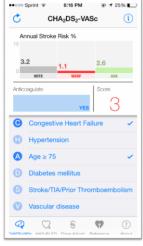


Modern Day House Calls

Smart phone technology:

- Electronic medical records
- Search engines: Google and others
- Photos/scans
- Accessibility to patient, staff, other providers

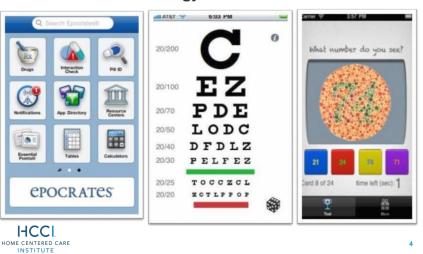


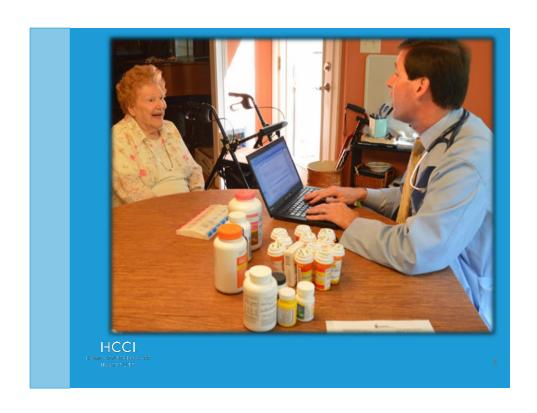


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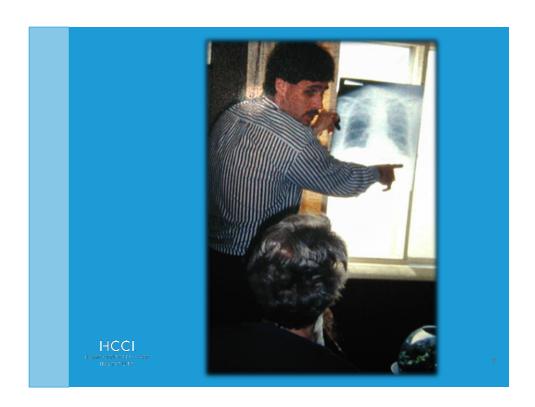
Modern Day House Calls

Pocket mobile technology:









Modern Day Health Care

Pocket mobile technology:







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Medicare House Call Codes/Payments

1997 New	1997	1998 New (Min)	1998	2016	IL Medicaid
99341	\$62.51	99341 (20)	\$57.53	\$55.50	\$27.95
99342	\$77.71	99342 (30)	\$77.58	\$79.84	\$37.40
93343	\$101.62	99343 (45)	\$110.19	\$131.04	\$54.90
		99344 (60)	\$140.50	\$183.68	\$70.55
		99345(75)	\$166.24	\$222.70	\$85.55
1997 Estab.	1997	1998 Estab. (Min)	1998	2016	IL Medicaid
99351	\$46.66	93347 (15)	\$45.43	\$55.85	\$24.25
99352	\$59.37	99348 (25)	\$65.54	\$84.86	\$31.30
99353	\$74.80	99349 (40)	\$94.92	\$128.25	\$47.50
		99350(60)	\$136.00	\$179.38	\$68.85

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Shaded payments are most frequently used house call codes Note: Medicare Payments vary by locality. These are for Locality 15. Place of Service Code for Home = 12

Domiciliary (Assisted Living) CPT Codes/ Payments

2005 New	2005	2006 New (Min)	2006	2016	IL Medicaid
99321	\$43.19	99324 (20)	\$62.80	\$55.85	\$18.60
99322	\$60.92	99325 (30)	\$91.76	\$81.28	\$26.70
99323	\$75.00	99326 (45)	\$132.71	\$140.35	\$34.85
		99327(60)	\$174.47	\$187.26	\$42.95
		99328(75)	\$215.85	\$218.76	\$51.05
2005 Estab.	2005	2006 Estab. (Min)	2006	2016	IL Medicaid
99331	\$38.14	99334 (20)	\$48.73	\$60.87	\$16.00
99332	\$48.30	99335 (30)	\$76.88	\$95.96	\$21.00
99333	\$59.10	99336 (40)	\$118.22	\$135.70	\$26.05
		99337(60)	\$173.63	\$194.42	\$31.05

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Shaded payments are most frequently used house call codes Note: Medicare Payments vary by locality. These are for Locality 15. Place of service code = 13



Other Revenue Streams

- Downstream revenue (ancillaries, home health, hospice, specialists, hospitalizations)
- Cost-Avoidance
 - Readmission Reduction
 - Shared Savings Programs
 - Self-Insured Programs
 - High-cost / low revenue patients
- Philanthropy / Grants



Increase Downstream Revenue

The Positive Financial Contribution of Home-Based Primary Care Programs: The Case of the Mount Sinai Visiting Doctors

- Total direct cost for HBPC for the patient cohort was \$976,350. Direct billing from home visits generated revenues that covered 24% of total direct care costs.
- Over a 12-month period, the cohort had 398 inpatient admissions and 1,100 non-HBPC outpatient visits, generating an overall contribution to margin of nearly \$2.6 million.



Desai NR J Am Geriatr Soc. April 2008

2003-2015 HomeCare Physicians' Referrals to CNS Home Health and Hospice

	Home Health	Hospice	Private Duty
HCP Referrals	3,934	1,307	195
CNS Total	51,299	10,190	2051
Percent	7.7%	12.8%	9.50%

- CNS Home Health and Hospice is owned and operated by Cadence Health which also owns and operates HomeCare Physicians
- 2002-2014: 47% of 4,633 Dr. Cornwell's certifications and recertifications for home health were with CNS, 53% were with >90 other home health agencies. In many of these cases the outside home health agency referred the patient to HCP.
- 2003-2015: 1,307 referrals (121,954 hospice days) to CNS Hospice
 36.2% died in the first two weeks of service vs. >50% nationally



HomeCare Physicians' Philanthropy / Grant Revenue

- Hospital Auxiliary: \$900,000
 - Year 1 & 2: \$60,000/year; Years 3 & 4: \$100,000/year
 - Started Patient Assistance Fund
 - Year 6 started Endowment Fund: \$300,000
- Individual Endowments (minimum \$10,000): >\$800,000
- 2001 Barr Endowment for Patient Assistance: \$300,000
- Hospital Golf Event 2002-2009: \$470,346
- Direct Mail to Patients 2004-2014: >\$200,000
- 10th Year Gala: Net \$140,000
- Grants: > \$200,000
- Benedictine University AMSA 5K (7 years): >\$30,000



Media Attention



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Media Attention

Media Coverage

- Newspapers/Magazines: >70
- Medical Publications: >20
- TIME Magazine, Cover of UIC Magazine, New York Times
- Television: PBS Healthweek, WGN, CBS, NBC, ABC News

Awards

- House Call Doctor of the Year
- AMA Pride in the Profession—4 "heroes in health care" in America bringing pride to the medical profession
- House Call Nurse Practitioner of the Year
- American Geriatrics Society Arnold P Gold Foundation Humanism in Medicine



In the News





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The New York Times



The Doctor Is In. In Your House, That Is.

YOUR MONEY ADVISER
A New Cost at College: Digital Access
Codes



Think a 401(k) Is Not a Sexy Benefit? Competition May Change That

YOUR MONEY ADVISE Former ITT Tech Counseling at Ne

The Doctor Is In. In Your House, That Is.

Retiring
By JOHN F. WASIK SEPT. 23, 2016



Dr. Thomas Cornwell with a patient, Mary Hanrahan, at her home. "For the horribly sick, hospitals are the worst place," he says. Whiten Sabbasini for The New York Times

Health Care Reform and House Calls

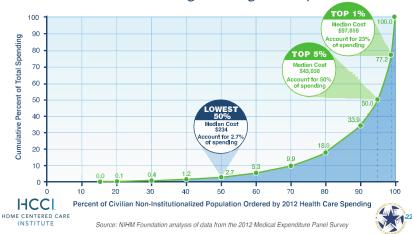
- Shift from fee-for-service "volume-based" payments to "value-based"
- Readmission penalties
- Independence at Home Medicare Demonstration Program



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The Medicare and Medicaid Fiscal Crisis

Health Spending Is Very Highly Concentrated Among the Highest Spenders



Health Care Reform: √ Readmissions / ↑ Value-Based Care

- 5/14/09 2/18/11
- 1 year, 9 months (645 days)
- 44 Emergency Department Visits (avg 16 days between visits)
- 27 Hospitalizations—over half required ICU days (avg 25 days between stays)
- HCP First Visit 3/2/11 (365 Days)
- Expected: 25 ED Visits, 15 Hospitalizations
- Actual: 1 ED visit + 1 Hospitalization (May 2011)



Estimated savings \$176,000 (\$1,500/ED visit; \$8,000/hospitalization)

VA Home-Based Primary Care

2002 cost of care before vs during HBPC (annual cost per patient)

	Before HBPC	During HBPC	Change
Total cost of VA care			
Hospital			
Nursing home			
Outpatient			
All home care	\$2,488	\$13,588*	\$11,100 (+ 460%)

*includes HBPCcost



VA Home-Based Primary Care

2002 cost of care before vs during HBPC annual cost per patient

N=11,334 \$103,048,728	Before HBPC	During HBPC	Change
Total cost of VA care	\$38,228	\$29,136*	(\$9,092) (-24%) P < 0.0001
Hospital	\$18,868	\$7,026	(\$11,842) (-63%)
Nursing home	\$10,382	\$1,382	(\$9,000) (-87%)
Outpatient	\$6,490	\$7,140	\$650 (+ 10%)
All home care	\$2,488	\$13,588*	\$11,100 (+ 460%)

*includes HBPCcost



2007: ↓ hospital days 59%; ↓ NH days 89%; ↓ 30-day readmission 21%¹

¹Better Access, Quality and Cost for Clinically Complex Veterans with Home-Based Primary Care; Edes, et al JAGS 10/14

Cost-Avoidance: Better Care at Lower Costs

- 2006 9,425 newly enrolled HBPC comparing VA and Medicare costs

 - ↓ VA costs 16.7%; ↓ Medicare costs 10.8%;
 - ↓ Hospitalizations 25.5%
 - ↑ Patient and caregiver satisfaction (highest in VA)
- Washington DC 722 HBPC cases vs. 2,161 controls over two years
 - 17% lower Medicare Costs (\$8,477 savings per beneficiary over 2 years; \$6.1 million total savings)
 - ↓ Hospitalizations 9%; ↓ ED 10%; ↓ SNF 27%
 - ↑ Primary care visits; ↑ Home health; ↑ Hospice



Better Access, Quality and Cost for Clinically Complex Veterans with Home-Based Primary Care; Edes, et al JAGS 10/14 Effects of Home-Based Primary Care on Medicare Costs in High-Risk Elders; DeJonge, et al JAGS 10/14

Independence at Home Demonstration

- Focuses on the highest cost Medicare beneficiaries:
 - ≥ two chronic conditions
 - Emergent hospitalization in past year + post acute care services
 - Functional dependence (≥ two ADL deficiencies) and frailty
- IAH provider organizations are accountable for:
 - Minimum savings of 5%
 - Good outcomes commensurate with the beneficiary's condition
 - Patient/caregiver satisfaction



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www.iahnow.com

Independence at Home Demonstration

- Savings beyond 5% are split 80% practice/20% Medicare
- IAH Results
 - Year 1 (ending 5/13, released 6/15): \$25M savings;
 \$3,070 savings/beneficiary (\$11.7M to nine practices)
 - Year 2 (ending 5/14, released 1/17): \$7.8M savings;
 \$747 savings/beneficiary (\$5.1M to seven practices)
 - Improved quality
 - J hospital readmissions/emergency department use
 - † 48 hour hospital follow-up; medication reconciliation; advance directives



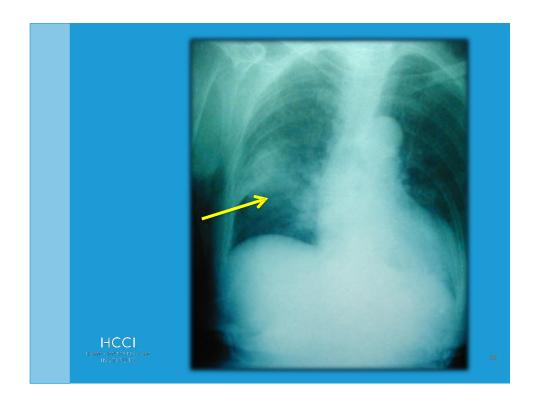
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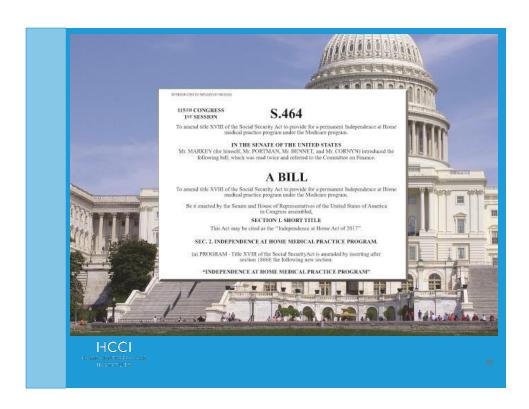












New Medicare Benefits



- 1972 End-stage renal disease (dialysis)
- 1986 Medicare hospice benefit (temporary 1982)
- 1997 PACE (Program of All-inclusive Care for the Elderly)
- 2006 Medicare Part D (prescript
- 2017 Independence at Home?



Cost Avoidance: End-of-Life Care

- 25.1% of the \$556B Medicare dollars goes to care in last year of life¹
- 2000 to 2009 deaths²

Home: 30.7% to 33.5%Hospitals: 32.6% to 24.6%Hospice: 21.6% to 42.2%

- BUT
 - ICU in last month: 24.3% to 29.2%
 - Hospitalizations in last three months: 62.8% to 69.3%
 - Short hospice stays (< 3 days): 22.2% to 28.4%
 (40.3% were preceded by hospitalization with ICU stay)²



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1 Riley, Lubitz; Health Services Research4/2010

2 Teno: Change in End of Life Care for Medicare Beneficiaries JAMA 2/20/13

House Calls and End-of-Life Care

HomeCare Physicians-2015: 230 Deaths

- 80% (184) died at home (33.5% nationally1)
- **76**% (175) were on hospice (**42**% **nationally**¹)
- Average length of stay 1.9 years
- Median length of stay 1.2 years (highest cost years)
- Decreased hospital mortality
 - 184 at home; expected = 33.5% = 77; thus 107
 additional deaths at home
 - 2015 Central DuPage Hospital had 239 deaths



¹ Teno: Change in End of Life Care for Medicare Beneficiaries JAMA 2/20-13

The Need for Home-Based Primary Care

- It is estimated that close to 2.75M Americans today could benefit from Home-Based Primary Care (HBPC)
- Only 15% (~400,000) of this population is currently being served
- ~1,000 HBMC providers (serving 200+ patients) operate today in the 48 continental states
- Increasing HBMC coverage from 15% to 50% of the eligible population will require an additional 5,000 HBPC providers



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Nengling Yao, et al., Geographic Concentration of Home-Based Medical Care Providers; Health Affairs 35, no.8 (2016)

How is HCCI Helping to Close the Gap?

- Creating multi-modality curriculum and training for HBPC clinicians and practice managers
- Providing curriculum for medical schools, residencies, nurse practitioner and physician assistant programs
- Developing Centers of Excellence and Practice Excellence Partners for classroom instruction, training and shadowing opportunities
- Generating a Public Awareness Campaign aimed at increasing acceptance and demand for HBPC among providers, payers, policymakers and the public



Funded in part by The John A. Hartford Foundation











Wow!



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